

The IEEE 802.11 Protocol

Synchronization and Power Management

(C) Herbert Haas 2004/10/14

Synchronization

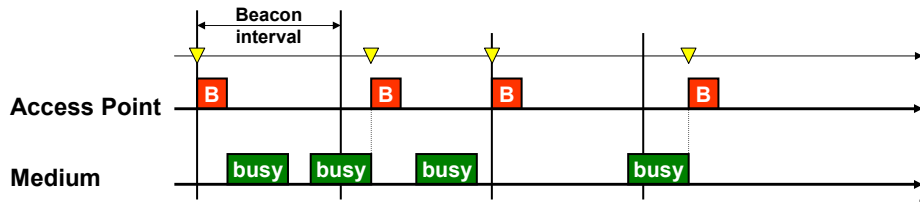


- **Timing Synchronization Function (TSF)**
 - ◆ Used to synchronize all clocks
 - ◆ Established by *timestamps* in periodic beacon
- **Important for**
 - ◆ Energy saving mechanism
 - ◆ Roaming
 - ◆ PCF coordination(!)
 - ◆ Synchronization with FHSS systems
- **Note: Beacon-frame are not strictly sent periodically**
 - ◆ Medium might be busy

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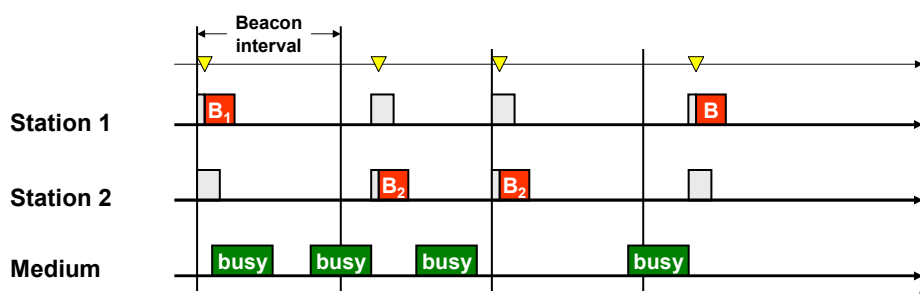
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Synchronization via AP



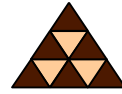
- ▽ - Time stamp
- B - Beacon Frame
- Infrastructure networks
 - ◆ Access point cares for synchronization

Synchronization with Ad-hoc



- □ - Random delay
- Each station tries to send beacon frame after each interval

Power Management



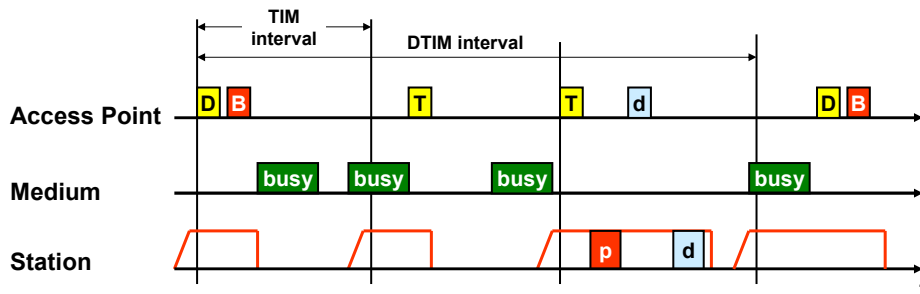
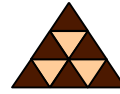
- Many devices use batteries: energy saving mechanisms are essential for acceptance
- Typical consumptions (at 100 mW)
 - ♦ TX: 450 mA
 - ♦ RX: 270 mA
 - ♦ Sleep: 15 mA
- IEEE 802.11 standard
 - ♦ Transition between modes always initiated by station
- Two system modes
 - ♦ 1) Active (power save after configured idle period possible)
 - ♦ 2) Power (power save after TX/RX event)
- Two power states
 - ♦ 1) Awake
 - ♦ 2) Doze
- TSF necessary

Power Management



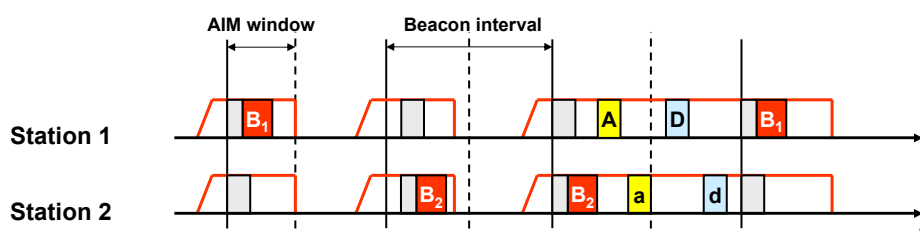
- **Traffic Indication Map (TIM)**
 - ♦ Sent with every beacon
 - ♦ Indicates for which stations frames are buffered
- **Delivery Traffic Indication Map (DTIM)**
 - ♦ List for broadcast/multicast receivers
- **Every TIM interval the station wakes up and listens for a TIM packet**
- **If there is data available, the station first emits the PS packet, then receives the data**

Power Management via AP



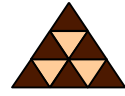
- T D - TIM/DTIM frames
- B - Broadcast
- p - Power Saving (PS) frame = "I am awake, send me data"

Power Management with Ad-hoc



- A a - ATIM packet and ATIM-Ack
- D d - Data and data-Ack
- B - Beacon packet
- □ - Random delay

Power Management



- **Every Beacon interval all stations wake up**
- **If a station has data for another one, the station sends out an Ad-hoc Traffic Indication Map (ATIM)**
- **After the right station received this packet, this station sends back an acknowledgment**
- **Now the station remains in the awake modus**